## MATH302 Elements of Analysis

## Homework 6, Due on Tuesday, March 27, 2018

For all the proofs, write in details using standard mathematical language.

**1.**(*The union of open sets*)

- a). Prove Theorem 8.3 in the textbook: the union of any collection of open sets is open.
- b). (No need to submit) Read the proof of the Theorem 8.11 in the textbook: S is open if and only if there is a countable collection of mutually disjoint open intervals  $\{U_1, U_2, \cdots\}$  such that  $S = \bigcup_n U_n$ .
- **2.** Fill the boxes  $\Box$  with  $\subseteq$ ,  $\supseteq$  or =, and the prove the statements. Let  $f : A \to B$  be a mapping.
  - **a)**. Let  $A_1, A_2 \subseteq A$ . Then,  $f(A_1 \cup A_2) \Box f(A_1) \cup f(A_2)$ .
- **b).** Let  $B_1, B_2 \subseteq B$ . Then,  $f^{-1}(B_1 \cap B_2) \Box f^{-1}(B_1) \cap f^{-1}(B_2)$ .
- c). Let  $B_1, B_2 \subseteq B$ . Then,  $f^{-1}(B_1 \cup B_2) \Box f^{-1}(B_1) \cup f^{-1}(B_2)$ . (No need to prove this one)

**3.** (Squeeze theorem) Let f, g, h be functions in  $\mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ . Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ . Suppose there exists a  $\delta_0 > 0$  such that  $f(x) \leq g(x) \leq h(x)$  in a  $\delta_0$ -neighborhood of a, namely for any  $x \in (a-\delta_0, a+\delta_0)$ . Moreover, f and h are continuous at point a, and f(a) = h(a). Then, g is also continuous at a.